## MATH 251 (Fall 2010) Diagnostic Quiz

This quiz does not count towards your grade. Show all work! Write your solutions on another sheet of paper.
(1) Let $f(x)=x^{2}$.
(a) Compute $f^{\prime}(3)$
(b) What is the limit definition of $f^{\prime}(3)$ ?
(c) What does $f^{\prime}(3)$ mean geometrically?
(2) Find (a) $\int_{1 / 2}^{2} \frac{1}{x} d x$
(b) $\int_{0}^{\infty} x e^{-x^{2}} d x$
(3) On what intervals is $f(x)=2 x^{3}+3 x^{2}-12 x$ increasing? Also, find the absolute maximum of $f$ on the interval $0 \leq x \leq 3$.
(4) State two versions of the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.
(5) Let $f(x)=\int_{5}^{x} \sin \left(t^{3}\right) d t$. What is $f^{\prime}(10)$ ?
(6) Use two triangles and a circle to work out: $\cos \pi / 6, \sin \pi, \tan \pi / 4, \cot \pi / 3$.
(7) Compute the equation of the tangent line to $y=\cos \left(x^{2}\right)$ at $x=\pi / 3$.
(8) Graph (a) $2 x+5 y=1$, (b) $y=x^{2}-2 x+3$, (c) $y^{2}-9 x^{2}=4$,
(d) $16 y^{2}+9 x^{2}=1$.

